Lesson 20 Assignments

Assignment One
Define imperfect tense.
Define active voice.
Assignment Two
What is placed at the beginning of verbs that express past tense action?
What are the two guidelines for the augmentation of past tense verbs? Provide an example of
each.

WORKBOOK

Assignment Three

Write thre imperfect active indicative augment and endings in the boxes below.

	<u>Singular</u>	<u>Plural</u>
1st Person		
2nd Person		
3rd Person		

Assignment Four

Write the imperfect active indicative of $\lambda \dot{\nu}\omega$ and the English definition of each Greek word.

	Singular		<u>Plural</u>
1st Person			
2nd Person			
		1	
		i	
3rd Person			

LESSON 20

<u>Assignment Five</u> Explain the moveable NU rule pertaining to the third person singular imperfect active indicative
verb.
Assignment Six What is the rule for determining whether the first person singular or third person plural in the imperfect active indicative is being used?
Assignment Seven How is the verb εἰμί translated and what does it express?
What case is used to complete the meaning of the verb εἰμί?

WORKBOOK

 $\frac{Assignment\ Eight}{\text{Write the present active indicative of } \boldsymbol{\epsilon \dot{\iota} \mu \dot{\iota}} \text{ and the English definition of each Greek word.}$

	<u>Singular</u>	<u>Plural</u>
1st Person		
2nd Person		
3rd Person		

 $\frac{Assignment\ Nine}{\text{Write the imperfect active indicative of } \textbf{$\vec{\epsilon}$ i} \mu \acute{\textbf{ι}} \text{ and the English definition of each Greek word.}$

	<u>Singular</u>	<u>Plural</u>
1st Person		
2nd Person		
3rd Person		